

# ALABAMA A&M UNIVERSITY OFFICE OF RESEARCH COMPLIANCE IRB APPLICATION FORM



Approval of Research Projects Involving Human Subjects: IRB#
I,, submit to the Institutional Review Board (IRB) this form along with one copy of a research proposal entitled: as well as one copy of a one-page abstract in
lay terminology and the informed consent document.
Attach your <u>CITI Human Subjects Training Certification</u> to your IRB application form. <i>Note: IRB application WILL NOT be accepted/reviewed without the Human Subjects Training Certification</i> .
<ol> <li>I understand the need to protect the rights of human subjects in biomedical and behavioral research and assure that I will:         <ol> <li>obtain informed consent of subjects who are to participate in this research project.</li> <li>report to the Institutional Review Board any unanticipated effects harmful to subjects which become apparent during the research.</li> <li>cooperate with the continuing review of this research project by submitting annual reports and a final report.</li> <li>obtain prior approval from the IRB before amending or altering the project or implementing changes in the approval consent form.</li> <li>maintain all documentation such as consent forms, progress reports, data as required by the institution and Federal Regulations.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Signature: Date:
Title: Department:
Phone#: (Office): E-Mail:
By my signature above, I declare the above named research involving human subjects to be: (Check one)
1. Exempt according to category number listed in Appendix 1 **  2. Expeditable according to category number listed in Appendix 2 **  3. Other and must be reviewed by the IRB.  4. Not regulated and does not have to be reviewed by the IRB.

Email completed IRB form and supporting documents to: Research.Compliance@aamu.edu

\*\* From 45 CFR 46, Subpart A: Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects and attached to this application

\*Short Title:

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Email completed IRB form and supporting documents to: Research.Compliance@aamu.edu

Funding Source:	(if applicable).
Purpose of the Study:	
Questions or Hypotheses:	
<b>Description of the Subjects (Include # of Controls):</b>	
Description of Procedure:	

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Instrumentation (Brief Description or Attachment):
Duration of the Study:  a. Total Amount of Time with each Subject:
b. Time to Complete the Study:
Benefit(s) of the Study:
Possible Risks to the Subjects and the Precaution Taken to Avoid the Risks (Monitoring):
Confidentiality / Anonymity

Email completed IRB form and supporting documents to: Research.Compliance@aamu.edu

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I,	the student researcher's Acad	demic Advisor, have reviewed the
student research proposal t	titled	
_		f the proposed research is declared to
	ere under represents approval for	the student researcher to commence
with the research. **		
**(Always required)		
Student Advisor's Signatur	re:	
Name and Title:	Phone:	Email:
		Biiiii
	/	

NB: In exempt cases, the IRB Chair must give the researcher a copy of the signed application form, authorizing the research to begin.

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*Criteria for IRB approval of research:
• risks to subjects are minimized;
<ul> <li>risks are reasonable in relation to anticipated benefits;</li> </ul>
• selection of subjects is equitable;
• informed consent is sought from each subject;
• informed consent is appropriately documented.
Institutional Action:  IRB Review: Exempt Expedited Full
Application Approved.*
Application denied at this time. Additional information requested and consists of the following:
Application denied
Signature:

**Date** 

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IRB Chair

#### APPENDIX 1

#### RESEARCH ACTIVITIES THAT MAY BE EXEMPT FROM IRB REVIEW AND APPROVAL

# §46.104 Exempt research.

- (a) Unless otherwise required by law or by department or agency heads, research activities in which the only involvement of human subjects will be in one or more of the categories in paragraph (d) of this section are exempt from the requirements of this policy, except that such activities must comply with the requirements of this section and as specified in each category.
- (b) Use of the exemption categories for research subject to the requirements of subparts B, C, and D. Application of the exemption categories to research subject to the requirements of 45 CFR part 46, subparts B, C, and D, is as follows:
  - (1) Subpart B. Each of the exemptions at this section may be applied to research subject to subpart B if the conditions of the exemption are met.
  - (2) Subpart C. The exemptions at this section do not apply to research subject to subpart C, except for research aimed at involving a broader subject population that only incidentally includes prisoners.
  - (3) Subpart D. The exemptions at paragraphs  $(\underline{d})(1)$ ,  $(\underline{4})$ ,  $(\underline{5})$ ,  $(\underline{6})$ ,  $(\underline{7})$ , and  $(\underline{8})$  of this section may be applied to research subject to subpart D if the conditions of the exemption are met. Paragraphs  $(\underline{d})(\underline{2})(\underline{i})$  and  $(\underline{i}\underline{i})$  of this section only may apply to research subject to subpart D involving educational tests or the observation of public behavior when the investigator(s) do not participate in the activities being observed. Paragraph  $(\underline{d})(\underline{2})(\underline{i}\underline{i}\underline{i})$  of this section may not be applied to research subject to subpart D.
- (c) [Reserved.]
- (d) Except as described in paragraph  $(\underline{a})$  of this section, the following categories of human subjects research are exempt from this policy:
  - (1) Research, conducted in established or commonly accepted educational settings, that specifically involves normal educational practices that are not likely to adversely impact students' opportunity to learn required educational content or the assessment of educators who provide instruction. This includes most research on regular and special education instructional strategies, and research on the effectiveness of or the comparison among instructional techniques, curricula, or classroom management methods.
  - (2) Research that only includes interactions involving educational tests (cognitive, diagnostic, aptitude, achievement), survey procedures, interview procedures, or observation of public behavior (including visual or auditory recording) if at least one of the following criteria is met:
    - (i) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects;
    - (ii) Any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research would not reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, educational advancement, or reputation; or
    - (iii) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects can readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects, and an IRB conducts a limited IRB review to make the determination required by §46.111(a)(7).
  - (3) (i) Research involving benign behavioral interventions in conjunction with the collection of information from an adult subject through verbal or written responses (including data entry) or audiovisual recording if the subject prospectively agrees to the intervention and information collection and at least one of the following criteria is met:
    - (A) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects;
    - (B) Any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research would not reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, educational advancement, or reputation; or

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- (C) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects can readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects, and an IRB conducts a limited IRB review to make the determination required by §46.111(a)(7).
- (ii) For the purpose of this provision, benign behavioral interventions are brief in duration, harmless, painless, not physically invasive, not likely to have a significant adverse lasting impact on the subjects, and the investigator has no reason to think the subjects will find the interventions offensive or embarrassing. Provided all such criteria are met, examples of such benign behavioral interventions would include having the subjects play an online game, having them solve puzzles under various noise conditions, or having them decide how to allocate a nominal amount of received cash between themselves and someone else.
- (iii) If the research involves deceiving the subjects regarding the nature or purposes of the research, this exemption is not applicable unless the subject authorizes the deception through a prospective agreement to participate in research in circumstances in which the subject is informed that he or she will be unaware of or misled regarding the nature or purposes of the research.
- (4) Secondary research for which consent is not required: Secondary research uses of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, if at least one of the following criteria is met:
  - (i) The identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens are publicly available;
  - (ii) Information, which may include information about biospecimens, is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects, the investigator does not contact the subjects, and the investigator will not re-identify subjects;
  - (iii) The research involves only information collection and analysis involving the investigator's use of identifiable health information when that use is regulated under 45 CFR parts 160 and 164, subparts A and E, for the purposes of "health care operations" or "research" as those terms are defined at 45 CFR 164.501 or for "public health activities and purposes" as described under 45 CFR 164.512(b); or
  - (iv) The research is conducted by, or on behalf of, a Federal department or agency using government-generated or government-collected information obtained for nonresearch activities, if the research generates identifiable private information that is or will be maintained on information technology that is subject to and in compliance with section 208(b) of the E-Government Act of 2002, 44 U.S.C. 3501 note, if all of the identifiable private information collected, used, or generated as part of the activity will be maintained in systems of records subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a, and, if applicable, the information used in the research was collected subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.
- (5) Research and demonstration projects that are conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency, or otherwise subject to the approval of department or agency heads (or the approval of the heads of bureaus or other subordinate agencies that have been delegated authority to conduct the research and demonstration projects), and that are designed to study, evaluate, improve, or otherwise examine public benefit or service programs, including procedures for obtaining benefits or services under those programs, possible changes in or alternatives to those programs or procedures, or possible changes in methods or levels of payment for benefits or services under those programs. Such projects include, but are not limited to, internal studies by Federal employees, and studies under contracts or consulting arrangements, cooperative agreements, or grants. Exempt projects also include waivers of otherwise mandatory requirements using authorities such as sections 1115 and 1115A of the Social Security Act, as amended.
  - (i) Each Federal department or agency conducting or supporting the research and demonstration projects must establish, on a publicly accessible Federal Web site or in such other manner as the department or agency head may determine, a list of the research and demonstration projects that the Federal department or agency conducts or supports under this provision. The research or demonstration project must be published on this list prior to commencing the research involving human subjects.

(ii) [Reserved]

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- 45 CFR 46, Subpart A: Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects (Basic DHHS Policy for Protection of Human Research Subject) 6/19/2018.
- (6) Taste and food quality evaluation and consumer acceptance studies:
  - (i) If wholesome foods without additives are consumed, or
  - (ii) If a food is consumed that contains a food ingredient at or below the level and for a use found to be safe, or agricultural chemical or environmental contaminant at or below the level found to be safe, by the Food and Drug Administration or approved by the Environmental Protection Agency or the Food Safety and Inspection Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.
- (7) Storage or maintenance for secondary research for which broad consent is required: Storage or maintenance of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens for potential secondary research use if an IRB conducts a limited IRB review and makes the determinations required by §46.111(a)(8).
- (8) Secondary research for which broad consent is required: Research involving the use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens for secondary research use, if the following criteria are met:
  - (i) Broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens was obtained in accordance with  $\S46.116(a)(1)$  through (4), (a)(6), and (d);
  - (ii) Documentation of informed consent or waiver of documentation of consent was obtained in accordance with §46.117;
  - (iii) An IRB conducts a limited IRB review and makes the determination required by  $\S46.111(a)(7)$  and makes the determination that the research to be conducted is within the scope of the broad consent referenced in paragraph (d)(8)(i) of this section; and
  - (iv) The investigator does not include returning individual research results to subjects as part of the study plan. This provision does not prevent an investigator from abiding by any legal requirements to return individual research results.

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#### APPENDIX 2

## ACTIVITIES THAT MAY BE REVIEWED THROUGH EXPEDITED REVIEW PROCEDURES

<u>§46.110</u> Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal risk, and for minor changes in approved research.

(a) The Secretary of HHS has established, and published as a Notice in the *Federal Register*, a <u>list of categories</u> of research that may be reviewed by the IRB through an expedited review procedure.

## **Applicability**

- A. Research activities that (1) present no more than minimal risk to human subjects, and (2) involve only procedures listed in one or more of the following categories, may be reviewed by the IRB through the expedited review procedure authorized by 45 CFR 46.110 and 21 CFR 56.110. The activities listed should not be deemed to be of minimal risk simply because they are included on this list. Inclusion on this list merely means that the activity is eligible for review through the expedited review procedure when the specific circumstances of the proposed research involve no more than minimal risk to human subjects.
- B. The categories in this list apply regardless of the age of subjects, except as noted.
- C. The expedited review procedure may not be used where identification of the subjects and/or their responses would reasonably place them at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects= financial standing, employability, insurability, reputation, or be stigmatizing, unless reasonable and appropriate protections will be implemented so that risks related to invasion of privacy and breach of confidentiality are no greater than minimal.
- D. The expedited review procedure may not be used for classified research involving human subjects.
- E. IRBs are reminded that the standard requirements for informed consent (or its waiver, alteration, or exception) apply regardless of the type of review--expedited or convened--utilized by the IRB.
- F. Categories one (1) through seven (7) pertain to both initial and continuing IRB review.

## **Research Categories**

- 1. Clinical studies of drugs and medical devices only when condition (a) or (b) is met.
  - a. (a) Research on drugs for which an investigational new drug application (21 CFR Part 312) is not required. (Note: Research on marketed drugs that significantly increases the risks or decreases the acceptability of the risks associated with the use of the product is not eligible for expedited review.)
  - b. Research on medical devices for which (i) an investigational device exemption application (21 CFR Part 812) is not required; or (ii) the medical device is cleared/approved for marketing and the medical device is being used in accordance with its cleared/approved labeling.
- 2. Collection of blood samples by finger stick, heel stick, ear stick, or venipuncture as follows:
  - a. (a) from healthy, nonpregnant adults who weigh at least 110 pounds. For these subjects, the amounts drawn may not exceed 550 ml in an 8 week period and collection may not occur more frequently than 2 times per week; or
  - b. from other adults and children [2], considering the age, weight, and health of the subjects, the collection procedure, the amount of blood to be collected, and the frequency with which it will be collected. For these subjects, the amount drawn may not exceed the lesser of 50 ml or 3 ml per kg in an 8-week period and collection may not occur more frequently than 2 times per week.
- 3. Prospective collection of biological specimens for research purposes by noninvasive means. Examples: (a) hair and nail clippings in a nondisfiguring manner; (b) deciduous teeth at time of exfoliation or if routine patient care indicates a need for extraction; (c) permanent teeth if routine patient care indicates a need for extraction; (d) excreta and external secretions (including sweat); (e) uncannulated saliva collected either in an unstimulated fashion or stimulated by chewing gumbase or wax or by applying a dilute citric solution to the tongue; (f) placenta removed at delivery; (g) amniotic fluid obtained at the time of rupture of the membrane prior to or during labor; (h) supra- and subgingival dental plaque and calculus, provided the collection procedure is not more invasive than routine prophylactic scaling of the teeth and the process is accomplished in accordance with accepted prophylactic techniques; (i) mucosal and skin cells

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- collected by buccal scraping or swab, skin swab, or mouth washings; (j) sputum collected after saline mist nebulization.
- 4. Collection of data through noninvasive procedures (not involving general anesthesia or sedation) routinely employed in clinical practice, excluding procedures involving x-rays or microwaves. Where medical devices are employed, they must be cleared/approved for marketing. (Studies intended to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of the medical device are not generally eligible for expedited review, including studies of cleared medical devices for new indications.)

  Examples: (a) physical sensors that are applied either to the surface of the body or at a distance and do not involve input of significant amounts of energy into the subject or an invasion of the subject=s privacy; (b) weighing or testing sensory acuity; (c) magnetic resonance imaging; (d) electrocardiography, electroencephalography, thermography, detection of naturally occurring radioactivity, electroretinography, ultrasound, diagnostic infrared imaging, doppler blood flow, and echocardiography; (e) moderate exercise, muscular strength testing, body composition assessment, and flexibility testing where appropriate given the age, weight, and health of the individual.
- 5. Research involving materials (data, documents, records, or specimens) that have been collected, or will be collected solely for nonresearch purposes (such as medical treatment or diagnosis). (NOTE: Some research in this category may be exempt from the HHS regulations for the protection of human subjects. <u>45 CFR</u> 46.101(b)(4). This listing refers only to research that is not exempt.)
- 6. Collection of data from voice, video, digital, or image recordings made for research purposes.
- 7. Research on individual or group characteristics or behavior (including, but not limited to, research on perception, cognition, motivation, identity, language, communication, cultural beliefs or practices, and social behavior) or research employing survey, interview, oral history, focus group, program evaluation, human factors evaluation, or quality assurance methodologies. (NOTE: Some research in this category may be exempt from the HHS regulations for the protection of human subjects. <u>45 CFR 46.101(b)(2)</u> and (b)(3). This listing refers only to research that is not exempt.)
- 8. Continuing review of research previously approved by the convened IRB as follows:
  - a. where (i) the research is permanently closed to the enrollment of new subjects; (ii) all subjects have completed all research-related interventions; and (iii) the research remains active only for long-term follow-up of subjects; or
  - b. where no subjects have been enrolled and no additional risks have been identified; or
  - c. where the remaining research activities are limited to data analysis.
- 9. Continuing review of research, not conducted under an investigational new drug application or investigational device exemption where categories two (2) through eight (8) do not apply but the IRB has determined and documented at a convened meeting that the research involves no greater than minimal risk and no additional risks have been identified.
- (b)(1) An IRB may use the expedited review procedure to review the following:
  - (i) Some or all of the research appearing on the list described in paragraph (a) of this section, unless the reviewer determines that the study involves more than minimal risk;
  - (ii) Minor changes in previously approved research during the period for which approval is authorized; or
  - (iii) Research for which limited IRB review is a condition of exemption under §46.104(d)(2)(iii), (d)(3)(i)(C), and (d)(7) and (d)(8)
  - (2) Under an expedited review procedure, the review may be carried out by the IRB chairperson or by one or more experienced reviewers designated by the chairperson from among members of the IRB. In reviewing the research, the reviewers may exercise all of the authorities of the IRB except that the reviewers may not disapprove the research. A research activity may be disapproved only after review in accordance with the non-expedited procedure set forth in. §46.108(b)
- (c) Each IRB that uses an expedited review procedure shall adopt a method for keeping all members advised of research proposals that have been approved under the procedure.
- (d) The department or agency head may restrict, suspend, terminate, or choose not to authorize an institution's or IRB's use of the expedited review procedure.

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